WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. An electric actuator comprising:
 - a bottom-contained casing;
 - a motor in said casing;
 - a motor shaft for the motor, extending through an opening of the casing;
 - a housing fixed to the opening of the casing;
 - a worm on a portion of the motor shaft in the housing;
 - a worm wheel rotatably mounted to the housing to mesh with the worm;
- a first radial bearing which supports the motor shaft between an axial end and the worm of the motor shaft;
- a second radial bearing which supports the motor shaft opposite the axial end near the worm; and
 - a thrust bearing at the bottom of the casing to support the motor shaft.
- 2. An actuator as claimed in claim 1 wherein the first and second bearing are made of metal and equidistantly spaced from the worm.
- 3. An actuator as claimed in claim 1 wherein the first bearing is smaller in external diameter than the second bearing.
- 4. An actuator as claimed in claim 1 wherein the thrust bearing comprises a thrust-radial ball bearing to support the motor shaft rotatably.
- 5. An actuator as claimed in claim 4 wherein a bore which projects from the bottom of the casing is formed, an inner race of the thrust-radial ball bearing being fixed to an axial end portion of the motor shaft, an outer race being fixed to an inner circumferential wall of the bore.

- 6. An actuator as claimed in claim 4 wherein an inner race of the thrust-radial ball bearing is engaged on a smaller-diameter portion of the motor shaft, a female thread of a lock nut meshing with a male thread of the smaller-diameter portion of the motor shaft.
- 7. An actuator as claimed in claim 4 wherein an inner race of the thrust-radial ball bearing is engaged on a smaller-diameter portion of the motor shaft, the thrust-radial ball bearing being held by welded or padded portion of the smaller-diameter portion or the casing.
- 8. An actuator as claimed in claim 7 wherein the welded or padded portion is formed by radiating a laser beam.
- 9. An electric actuator comprising:
 - a bottom-contained casing;
 - a motor in said casing;
- a motor shaft for the motor and which extends through an opening of the casing;
 - a housing fixed to the opening of the casing;
 - a worm on a portion of the motor shaft in the housing;
 - a worm wheel rotatably mounted to the housing to mesh with the worm;
- a first radial bearing which supports the motor shaft between an axial end and the worm of the motor shaft;
- a second radial bearing which supports the motor shaft opposite the axial end near the worm:
 - a thrust bearing at the bottom of the casing to support the motor shaft;
- a rotary disc which is fixed to the motor shaft to rotate together with the motor shaft;
 - a rotation detector for detecting an angle of rotation electrically; and

encoding means for converting the angle of rotation into a digital signal.

- 10. An actuator as claimed in claim 9 wherein direction of rotation is detected by the rotation detector in addition to the angle of rotation with both of the angle and direction of the rotation being converted into a digital signal by the encoding means.
- 11. An actuator as claimed in claim 9 wherein the encoding means comprises an electronic circuit on an electronic circuit substrate.
- 12. An actuator as claimed in claim 9 wherein the outer circumferential surface of the rotary disc has magnetic material in which a magnetic pole is directed in a rotational direction, said rotation detector being a hall element.
- 13. An actuator as claimed in claim 9 wherein the outer circumferential surface of the rotary disc has a slit through which light passes, or a black-and-white pattern which reflects or absorbs light, said rotation detector being a photo coupler.
- 14. An actuator as claimed in claim 9 wherein the electronic circuit has a non-volatile memory to measure the angle of rotation as absolute value.
- 15. An actuator as claimed in claim 9 wherein the electronic circuit has a memory in which stored data is kept by battery to measure the angle of rotation as absolute value.